

CARCINOMA OF THE CONJUNCTIVA

Hospital Name/Address


**Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas**
Texas Health Resources

 8200 Walnut Hill Lane ☐
 Dallas, Texas 75231

Patient Name/Information

Patient name _____ ☐☐Medical Record # _____ ☐☐

Date of Classification _____

Type of Specimen _____

Histopathologic Type _____

Tumor Size _____

 Laterality: ☐ Bilateral ☐ Left ☐ Right
DEFINITIONS

<i>Clinical</i>	<i>Pathologic</i>	Primary Tumor (T)
☐	☐	TX Primary tumor cannot be assessed
☐	☐	T0 No evidence of primary tumor
☐	☐	Tis Carcinoma <i>in situ</i>
☐	☐	T1 Tumor 5 mm or less in greatest dimension
☐	☐	T2 Tumor more than 5 mm in greatest dimension, without invasion of adjacent structures
☐	☐	T3 Tumor invades adjacent structures, excluding the orbit
☐	☐	T4 Tumor invades the orbit with or without further extension
☐	☐	T4a Tumor invades orbital soft tissues without bone invasion
☐	☐	T4b Tumor invades bone
☐	☐	T4c Tumor invades adjacent paranasal sinuses
☐	☐	T4d Tumor invades brain
Regional Lymph Nodes (N)		
☐	☐	NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
☐	☐	N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
☐	☐	N1 Regional lymph node metastasis
Distant Metastasis (M)		
☐	☐	MX Distant metastasis cannot be assessed
☐	☐	M0 No distant metastasis
☐	☐	M1 Distant metastasis
Biopsy of metastatic site performed ☐ Y ☐ N		
Source of pathologic metastatic specimen _____		

Stage Grouping

No stage grouping is presently recommended.

Histologic Grade (G)

- ☐ GX Grade cannot be assessed
☐ G1 Well differentiated
☐ G2 Moderately differentiated
☐ G3 Poorly differentiated
☐ G4 Undifferentiated

Residual Tumor (R)

- ☐ RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed
☐ R0 No residual tumor
☐ R1 Microscopic residual tumor
☐ R2 Macroscopic residual tumor

Additional Descriptors

For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the “m” suffix and “y,” “r,” and “a” prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.

- ☐ **m suffix** indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.
- ☐ **y prefix** indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a “y” prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The “y” categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.
- ☐ **r prefix** indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the “r” prefix: rTNM.
- ☐ **a prefix** designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.

Prognostic Indicators (if applicable) _____

Notes

Additional Descriptors

Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L)

LX Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed

L0 No lymphatic vessel invasion

L1 Lymphatic vessel invasion

Venous Invasion (V)

VX Venous invasion cannot be assessed

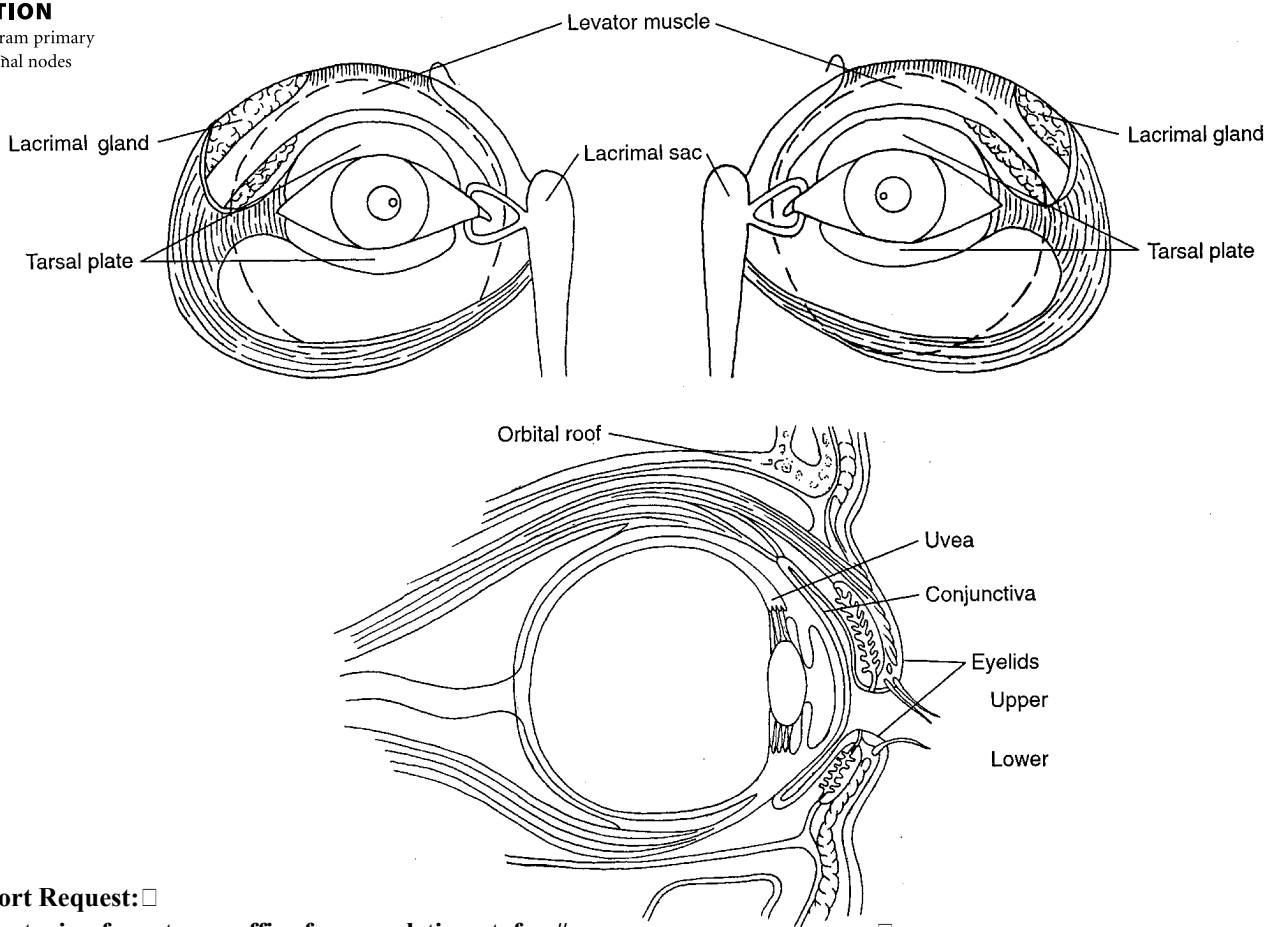
V0 No venous invasion

V1 Microscopic venous invasion

V2 Macroscopic venous invasion

ILLUSTRATION

Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.



Staging Support Request: ☐

___ Please fax staging form to my office for completion at fax # _____ ☐

___ Please assign staging form to Dr. _____ ☐

___ I am unable to stage at this time because workup is incomplete. Please return chart to me in 60 days. ☐

Physician initials _____ Date _____

☐

Staging Summary: T____ N____ M____ Stage Group: NA

Physician's Signature _____ Date _____